Slip, Trip, & Fall Prevention Checklist

Healthcare

All employees are wearing mandatory non-slip rated footwear.

All wet or moist walking surfaces are marked, reported, and/or being cleaned up.

Wet floor signs in place.

Mop buckets not overfilled.

Routine mopping, shampooing, waxing, scrubbing, and/or stripping of walking surfaces scheduled in non-peak hours.

Hallways, walkways, doorways, resident/patient rooms free from clutter and obstruction.

Any equipment that is parked in a passageway is kept to one side.

No electrical cords, computer cables, or other across walking areas. Temporary cords and cables are taped down or otherwise anchored in some way to limit the exposure. A warning sign of the hazard should be in place.

Resident/patient beds positioned in a manner that allows free and easy access to both sides. No obstructions at the bedside.

All emergency exits are unobstructed.

No damage to flooring, stairs, ramps, walk surfaces. Carpeting free of any rises, wrinkles, bulges, etc. (as applicable).

All runner rugs placed in entryways and other areas are in good repair, lying flat, and undamaged.

Walking surfaces are steady and predicable – no bumps or unevenness.

Good lighting in all regular work areas (hallways, stairways, offices, nurse stations, kitchens, dining areas, etc.).

Good lighting used whenever work duties are required in resident/patient rooms.

Employees reaching above floor areas (such as cabinets) are using and have available appropriately equipment (step stools).

Snow/ice is clear and walkways salted (as applicable). Outdoor handicap ramps clear of snow/ice-free in the winter, have sufficient railings, clear of obstructions, and have a non-slip surfacing applied.

Indoor ramps must have railings, remain free of obstructions and have non-slip surface materials applied.

Notes:			

Please contact the Loss Control team at: losscontrol@bhhc.com for any further questions.